Rationale

PICKLEBALL ONTARIO, in its role of promoting the sport of Pickleball, gives first priority to the safety and well-being of all participants engaged in pickleball activities. All members have a role to play in encouraging players to assume responsibility for their personal safety and the safety of others.

PICKLEBALL ONTARIO supports the collaborative effort of the Ministries of Education, Health and Long-Term Care, Tourism, Culture and Sport in their efforts to increase awareness of head injury prevention, concussion identification and management.

Policy Guidelines

1. Site Convenors and/or Event Coordinators or designates are to be familiar with the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport - Concussion Guidelines and retain a reference copy on site.
   a) A suspected concussion is to be assessed immediately post event, by a medical doctor or nurse practitioner.

2. Definition:
   a) A concussion is a brain injury that causes changes in how the brain functions, leading to symptoms that can be physical (e.g., headache, dizziness), cognitive (e.g., difficulty concentrating or remembering), emotional/behavioural (e.g., depression, irritability) and/or related to sleep (e.g., drowsiness, difficulty falling asleep).
      i. The cause may be either a direct blow to the head, face or neck, or a blow to the body that transmits a force to the head and causes the brain to move rapidly within the skull.
      ii. A concussion can occur even if there is no loss of consciousness (most concussions occur without a loss of consciousness) and cannot normally be seen on X-rays, standard CT scans or MRIs.

3. Concussion Management Guidelines:

   Awareness of the signs and symptoms and knowledge of the proper management of a concussion is critical to recovery, avoiding additional complications and facilitating an appropriate time of return to physical activities.
a) Concussion can have a significant impact on an individual's health and well-being.

b) Activities that require concentration can actually cause concussion symptoms to reappear or worsen.

c) If not identified and properly managed, a concussion can result in permanent brain damage and in rare occasions, death.

d) An individual who suffers a second concussion before he/she is symptom-free is susceptible to Second Impact Syndrome – a rare condition that causes rapid and severe brain swelling and often catastrophic results.

4. Common Signs and Symptoms:

A concussion should be suspected in the presence of any one or more of the following signs or symptoms identified in the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport - Concussion Guidelines. (see attached Appendices)

5. Recommend Concussion Education:

PICKLEBALL ONTARIO strongly recommends group leaders, players and coaches review the on-line concussion section at www.coach.ca/concussion-awareness-s16361 or the National Coaching Certification Program.

Administration

This policy shall be administered by the PICKLEBALL ONTARIO President at any PICKLEBALL ONTARIO related meeting.
Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport – Concussion Guidelines*

COMMON SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF CONCUSSION:
Following a blow to the head, face or neck, or a blow to the body that transmits a force to the head, a concussion should be suspected in the presence of any one or more of the following signs or symptoms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Signs Observed</th>
<th>Possible Symptoms Reported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A sign is something that will be observed by another person (e.g., parent/guardian, teacher, coach, supervisor, peer).</td>
<td>A symptom is something the student will feel/report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physical</strong></td>
<td><strong>Physical</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• vomiting</td>
<td>• headache</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• slurred speech</td>
<td>• pressure in head</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• slowed reaction time</td>
<td>• neck pain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• poor coordination or balance</td>
<td>• feeling off/not right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• blank stare/glassy-eyed/dazed or vacant look</td>
<td>• ringing in the ears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• decreased playing ability</td>
<td>• seeing double or blurry/loss of vision</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• loss of consciousness or lack of responsiveness</td>
<td>• seeing stars, flashing lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• lying motionless on the ground or slow to get up</td>
<td>• pain at physical site of injury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• amnesia</td>
<td>• nausea/stomach ache/pain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• seizure or convulsion</td>
<td>• balance problems or dizziness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• grabbing or clutching of head</td>
<td>• fatigue or feeling tired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cognitive</strong></td>
<td><strong>Cognitive</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• difficulty concentrating</td>
<td>• difficulty concentrating or remembering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• easily distracted</td>
<td>• slowed down, fatigue or low energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• general confusion</td>
<td>• dazed or in a fog</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• cannot remember things that happened before and after the injury</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• does not know time, date, place, class, type of activity in which he/she was participating</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• slowed reaction time (e.g., answering questions or following directions)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emotional/Behavioural</strong></td>
<td><strong>Emotional/Behavioural</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• strange or inappropriate emotions (e.g., laughing, crying, getting angry easily)</td>
<td>• irritable, sad, more emotional than usual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• drowsiness</td>
<td>• nervous, anxious, depressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• insomnia</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sleep Disturbance</strong></td>
<td><strong>Sleep Disturbance</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• drowsiness</td>
<td>• drowsy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• sleeping more/less than usual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• difficulty falling asleep</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional Information:

- Signs/symptoms can appear right after the injury, or may appear within hours or days of the injury.
- The signs/symptoms may be different for everyone.
- An individual may be reluctant to report symptoms because of a fear that they will be removed from the activity, or their status on a team or in a game could be jeopardized.
- It may be difficult for younger children (under the age of 10) and those with special needs or where English/French is not their first language to communicate how they are feeling.
- Signs for younger children (under the age of 10) may not be as obvious as in older children/adults.

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Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport – Concussion Guidelines*

INITIAL RESPONSE – Removal from Physical Activity:
An individual responsible for those who are participating in organized physical activity who believes that, following a blow to the head, face or neck, or a blow to the body that transmits a force to the head, a participant in the activity may have suffered a concussion needs to take immediate action. (see INITIAL RESPONSE – Removal from Physical Activity Flow Chart)

For a participant who is:

- **Unconscious**
  - Initiate emergency action plan and call 911.
  - If applicable, contact the child/youth’s parent/guardian to inform them of the injury and that their child is being transported to the hospital.
  - Stay with the individual until Emergency Medical Services arrives.
  - Monitor and document any physical, emotional and/or cognitive changes.

For someone who is Unconscious:

- Assume there is also a possible head and/or neck injury and, **only if trained**, immobilize the individual before ambulance transportation to hospital.
  - Do not remove athletic equipment (e.g. helmet) unless there is difficulty breathing.
- If applicable, ensure the child/youth’s parent/guardian is aware that he/she must inform the coach, administrator and/or supervisor of the child/youth’s condition (i.e., concussed or not concussed) prior to the child/youth returning to physical activity.
- Even if consciousness is regained, he/she needs to be examined by a medical doctor or nurse practitioner.

- **Conscious**
  - Remove the participant from the activity immediately.
  - If signs are observed or symptoms are reported, **a concussion should be suspected**.
    - If a concussion is not suspected (i.e., signs are not observed, and symptoms are not reported), the participant may resume physical activity; however, if applicable, a parent/guardian should be contacted and informed of the incident.*
  - If applicable, contact the parent/guardian and inform them of the injury and the need to be examined by a medical doctor or nurse practitioner.
  - Stay with the injured participant until a parent/guardian or emergency contact arrives.
  - Monitor and document any physical, emotional and/or cognitive changes.

* Remember: signs and symptoms of concussion may appear within hours or days of the injury.

For a Participant who is Conscious:

- **If in doubt, sit them out.**
- Do not administer medication (unless conditions require it – e.g., insulin for diabetics).
- If applicable, ensure a parent/guardian is aware that he/she must inform the coach, administrator and/or supervisor of the participant’s condition (i.e., concussed or not concussed).

**Note – Responsibility of Coach, Administrator and/or Supervisor**

If a participant has been identified as having a suspected concussion, it is the responsibility of coach, administrator and/or supervisor of that activity to notify all affected parties including the participant.

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MEDICAL EXAMINATION:
Following examination by a medical doctor or nurse practitioner and prior to the individual returning to physical activity, the coach, administrator and/or supervisor must be informed of the results.

- If No Concussion is Diagnosed: the participant may return to physical activities.
- or
- If a Concussion is Diagnosed: the medically supervised gradual Return to Physical Activity (R2P) plan is put in place.

RETURN TO PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (R2P) (following a diagnosed concussion):
A participant with a diagnosed concussion follows a medically supervised and individualized gradual Return to Physical Activity (R2P) plan.

It is critical to recovery that the individualized R2P plan be developed through a collaborative team approach. This team should include:

- the concussed individual
- her/his parents/guardians (if applicable)
- his/her coach, administrator and supervisor
- school staff, including teachers, coaches etc. (if applicable)
- a medical doctor or nurse practitioner

Ongoing communication and monitoring by all members of the team will be essential to successful recovery.

Note – Parent/Guardian Responsibilities for Children/Youth Under the Age of 18
If the participant identified as having a concussion is under the age of 18 and currently attending a publicly funded elementary/high school in Ontario, it is the responsibility of that individual’s parent/guardian to notify his/her

Note – Children/Youth Under the Age of 18
If the concussed participant is under the age of 18 and currently attending a publicly funded elementary/high

R2P – Step 1
The first step in the medically supervised gradual R2P plan is for the individual to have:

- limit cognitive activities which provoke symptoms (e.g., activities requiring mental concentration such as reading, television, video games, texting) and physical (e.g., activities requiring physical exertion) rest until her/his symptoms begin to show improvement (minimum of 24 hours). This is determined by the medical doctor or nurse practitioner in consultation with the concussed individual and parent/guardian (if applicable).
Additional Information:

- The most important treatment for concussion is rest (i.e., cognitive and physical).

**Note**

In order to proceed to R2P-Step 2, the concussed individual or parent/guardian (if applicable) must report back to

R2P – Step 2

**Activity:** Individual light aerobic exercise only (e.g., walking or stationary cycling).

**Restrictions:** No resistance/weight training. No competition (including practices, scrimmages). No participation with equipment or with other participants. No drills. No body contact.

**Note**

In order to proceed to R2P – Step 3, the concussed individual or parent/guardian (if applicable) must report back.

R2P – Step 3

**Activity:** Individual sport specific exercise only (e.g. running, skating, shooting).

**Restrictions:** No resistance/weight training. No competition (including practices, scrimmages). No body contact, no head impact activities (e.g., heading a ball in soccer), or other jarring motions (e.g., high speed stops, hitting a baseball with a bat).

R2P – Step 4

**Activity:** Activities where there is no body contact (e.g., dance, badminton, volleyball). Light resistance/weight training. Non-contact practice and non-contact sport specific drills (e.g., ball drills, shooting drills).

**Restrictions:** No activities that involve body contact, head impact (e.g., heading the ball in soccer) or other jarring motions (e.g., high speed stops, hitting a baseball with a bat).

**Note**

**Medical Clearance:** In order for a concussed individual to move from R2P Step 4 to R2P Step 5 he/she must provide written documentation from a medical doctor or nurse practitioner to his/her coach, administrator and/or Supervisor. The documentation must indicate that the individual is symptom-free and able to return to full

R2P – Step 5

**Activity:** Full participation in regular physical activities in non-contact sports. Full training/practices for contact sports.

**Restrictions:** No competition (e.g., games, meets, events) that involve body contact.

R2P – Step 6 (Contact Sports only)

**Activity:** Full participation in all physical activities, including contact sports.

**Restrictions:** None.

Additional Information:

- Physical activities can cause concussion symptoms to reappear.
- Steps are not days – each step must take a minimum of 24 hours and the length of time needed to complete each step will vary based on the severity of the concussion.
- The concussed individual should be regularly monitored regularly for the return of any signs and/or symptoms of concussion.

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Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport – Concussion Guidelines*

INITIAL RESPONSE – Removal from Physical Activity

Individual:
Receives a blow to the head, face or neck, or a blow to the body that transmits a force to the head, and as a result may have suffered a concussion

CONSCIOUS

Coach/Administrator/Supervisor:
Remove participant from the

Coach/Administrator/Supervisor:
Look for signs and symptoms of

Concussion NotSuspected

Participant:
May resume full participation in physical activity

Concussion Suspected

Coach/Administrator/Supervisor:
Transport participant to the hospital immediately.
If applicable, contact parent/guardian to inform them of the injury and that their child/youth is being transported to the hospital

Examination by medical doctor or nurse practitioner

CONCUSSION DIAGNOSED

COACH/GUARDIAN:

Return to Physical Activity (R2P) plan

NO CONCUSSION DIAGNOSED

Resume full participation in physical activities

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RETURN TO PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (R2P)

Concussion Diagnosed

Signs and Symptoms Present

**Participant and/or Parent/guardian: report to Coach/ Administrator/ Supervisor and/or school principal (if applicable)**

Symptoms Begin to Improve

Symptom Free

Return to Physical Activity (R2P) – Step 1

- Limit cognitive and physical activities which provoke symptoms
  
  *At Home*

R2P – Step 2

- Light aerobic exercise only

R2P – Step 3

- Sport specific exercise only

R2P – Step 4

- Activity with no body contact

RCP – Step 5

- Full participation in non-contact sports
  - full training for all sports

R2P – Step 6

- Full participation in all physical activity (including contact sports)

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